

The European Union Artificial Intelligence Act

Artificial Intelligence Washing

Compliance and Awareness

July 2024

— About



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An Al-Powered Era

The EU AI Act is a significant regulatory milestone aimed at creating a cohesive framework to protect fundamental rights and harmonize AI regulations across the EU. It empowers individuals and supports a thriving digital market by ensuring the development and deployment of trustworthy AI systems.

What is the EU AI Act?

Risk-based approach to regulating use, development, deployment and/or marketing of AI systems in the EU based on risks to individuals' safety, security and fundamental rights.

What does this report focus on?

Analyses the emerging phenomenon of AI Washing and the risks it poses to the finance industry following the EU AI Act's entry into force.





EU AI Act – A Cornerstone for Trustworthy AI

The EU AI Act is a significant regulatory milestone aimed at creating a cohesive framework to protect fundamental rights and harmonize AI regulations across the EU. It empowers individuals and supports a thriving digital market by ensuring the development and deployment of trustworthy AI systems.

Addressing Al Washing and its Risks

Al Washing, which falsely portrays Al products as trustworthy, poses significant risks to consumers and stakeholders. It is crucial for firms to adopt strategies to mitigate Al Washing, including fundamental rights impact assessments and Al system breach notifications, to maintain market confidence and avoid potential litigation risks.

Best Practices and Regulatory Compliance for Firms

Firms must ensure their AI claims are accurate, substantiated, and transparent. This involves updating governance arrangements, engaging in proactive data management, and considering external verification. Compliance with the EU AI Act is essential to prevent AI Washing and foster a trustworthy AI economy, requiring clear communication and alignment with regulatory standards.

— Renewed focus on AI product trustworthiness



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Purpose and Principles of EU AI Act

The EU AI Act, proposed in April 2021 by the European Commission, aims to establish harmonized rules across the EU to ensure trustworthy AI. Key principles include enhanced product regulation, a focus on high-risk AI systems, a risk-based lifecycle approach, fostering trust across the value chain, and promoting responsible, human-centric AI innovation.

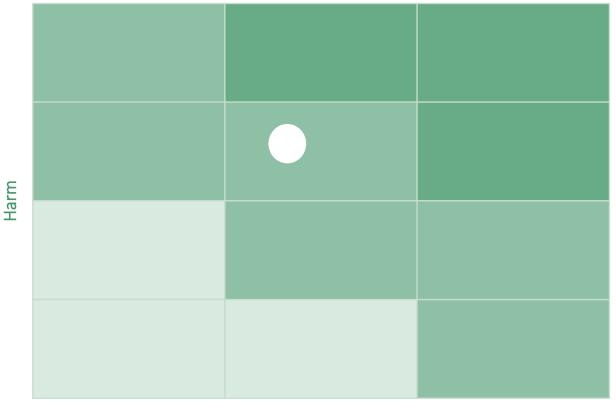
Addressing AI Washing and its Risks

The rapid market release of AI products has led to widespread, unsubstantiated claims of trustworthiness, necessitating the EU AI Act's focus on product safety. The Act outlines criteria to address AI Washing, including a common understanding of its key features, identifying occurrences and complaints, and assessing the risks it poses to financial entities, investors, and consumers.

Insights and Recommendations

The AI & Partners' Report delves into AI Washing, its anticipated occurrences, and market impacts. It highlights the EU AI Act's role in addressing these challenges, identifies implementation obstacles, and proposes recommendations for enhancing the Act's effectiveness.

Application to existing risk analysis tools



Likelihood





Drivers and Definition of Al Washing

Al Washing arises from increased demand for trustworthy Al products, competitive pressures, regulatory ambiguities, and data issues. It involves misleading claims about the trustworthiness of Al products, which can deceive consumers, investors, and market participants through both omission and false information.

Characteristics and Occurrences of Al Washing

Al Washing can occur at various levels (entity, product, service) and stages of the Al business cycle. It may be intentional or unintentional and can be triggered by multiple parties, including the entity itself, advisors, or third-party verifiers. Misleading claims can undermine trust in Al markets and policies, even without immediate harm.

Mitigation Obligations for Providers and Deployers

The EU AI Act mandates transparency and accountability to mitigate AI Washing. Providers must clearly mark AI-generated content and inform users of AI interactions. Deployers need to disclose the use of AI in emotion recognition, biometric categorization, and deep fakes to maintain transparency and trustworthiness in AI applications.



Increasing Trends in Al Washing

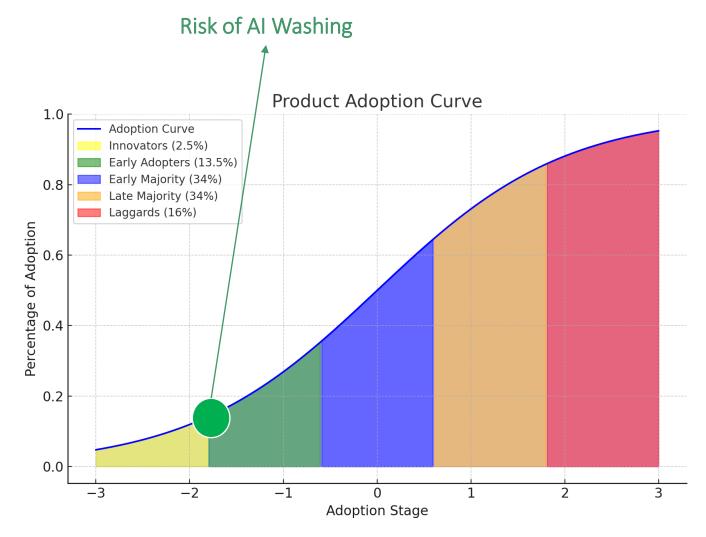
Al Washing incidents, where misleading claims about trustworthy Al are made, are expected to grow globally, particularly in North America and the EU financial sector. These incidents often involve overstated trustworthy imp and deceptive marketing practices. The increase in such cases underscores the need for vigilance and robust regulatory frameworks.

Common Occurrences and Characteristics

Misleading information is often found in product information, marketing materials, and mandatory disclosures. Common misleading characteristics include vagueness, empty claims, inconsistency, lack of proof, selective disclosure, and outdated information.

Risks and Materiality of Al Washing

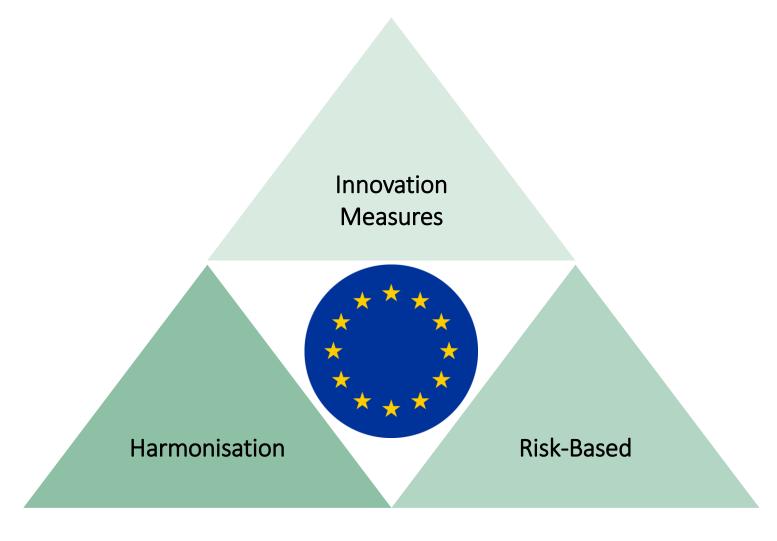
Al Washing poses significant risks, including reputational, operational, and litigation risks, which can impact financi stability and consumer trust. As the market for trustwortl Al products grows, the potential for these risks to becommaterial increases.



— Using an AI regulatory framework as a deterrent mechanism



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Harmonised Legal Framework

The Act establishes a uniform legal framework, fostering the uptake of trustworthy AI while ensuring protection of health, safety, and fundamental rights, thus preventing market fragmentation.

Risk-Based Approach

With a focus on high-risk AI systems, the Act ensures consistent protection of public interests, aligning with international commitments and ethical principles.

Support for Innovation

Measures such as AI regulatory sandboxes support innovation, particularly benefiting SMEs and startups, while voluntary codes of conduct encourage broader adoption of ethical AI practices.



High-Level Principles and Processes	Entity-Level Practices to Mitigate Al Washing Risk	Product/Service-Level Practices to Mitigate Al Washing Risk
General Principles	Forward-Looking Commitments	Product Governance
Governance and Internal Processes	Trustworthy AI Targets	Market Guidance
Trustworthiness Data	Lobbying	
External Verification	Risk Management	

General Principles and Processes

Firms should ensure their trustworthy AI claims are accurate, substantiated, up-to-date, and understandable. This involves accurately representing the entity or product, substantiating claims with evidence, keeping claims updated, and ensuring clarity in communication.

Governance and Internal Processes

Adapting governance arrangements and internal processes can enhance scrutiny and rigor in trustworthy Al-related communications. Processes such as product approval, marketing material review, and internal controls play a crucial role in mitigating Al washing risks.

Trustworthiness Data and External Verification

Firms should proactively address data challenges and consider external reviews for credibility. Transparency about trustworthy AI data sources and methodologies, along with external verification, enhances the integrity of trustworthy AI claims.



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Understanding AI Washing

A Proposed High-Level Understanding of AI Washing

Lack of understanding remains pervasive amongst market participants

"AI washing is going to be one of the most important issues in the AI sector, given its wide use as a buzz word for investment and the general lack of understanding regarding what it truly is."

James Burnie, Partner, gunnercooke



Al Washing undermines true potential of artificial intelligence

"AI washing is a deceptive practice that undermines the true potential of artificial intelligence. AI washing poses significant risks to consumer trust and the integrity of the AI industry. By recognizing and addressing AI washing, stakeholders can foster a more honest and innovative AI landscape, ensuring that the transformative power of AI is realized and appreciated for what it truly is."

Anandaday Misshra, Founder and Managing Partner, AMLEGALS



Understanding AI Washing

Firms' approach to AI Washing

Systematic, rigorous and empirical scientific research to boost firms' mitigation efforts

"The lack of diverse, systematic and properly funded independent academic research into the reliability and trustworthiness of generative AI tools means that much of the reported evidence in favour of them is selectively anecdotal and often driven by corporate interests. These tools have significant impacts on human experience and even health. If these were medications they would never make it into the marketplace so easily."

Paul Levy, Founder and Director, FringeReview



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Al Washing trends, types and risks

Likely AI Washing occurrences

Al Hype fuels widespread Al Washing

"AI hype creates fertile ground for AI washing. Organizations must ensure fair communication about their AI products, considering both positive and negative impacts."

Michele Soavi, COO / Chief Sustainability Officer, ImpactScope

Al Washing trends, types and risks

AI Washing risks

Al Products with 'genuine value' avoid pitfalls of Al Washing

"AI washing in cybersecurity is particularly concerning because it creates a false sense of security. They might be more vulnerable than ever."

Michael Boevink, Founder, Boevink Group

Al Washing trends, types and risks

AI Washing risks

Al Products with 'genuine value' avoid pitfalls of Al Washing

"Much like greenwashing, where companies overstated their sustainability credentials during peak consumer interest in eco-friendly practices, AI washing poses a similar reputational risk amid the current AI hype. Companies must ensure that AI functionalities are not merely cosmetic additions but are central to the core purpose and genuine value of their products and services to avoid the risk of AI washing."

Rita Sheth, Partner, gunnercooke







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Addressing AI Washing through EU AI Act

Key building block in the AI regulatory framework to address AI Washing

Public trust – A value driver for AI Economy

"Given the prevalence and growth of AI products for consumers over the past few years, it is essential that the public are able to trust the technology behind them. Using the EU AI Act as a framework to encourage cooperation between stakeholders to share best practice, address challenges and advocate for responsible AI development is a positive step forward that will reduce the likelihood of AI washing and build greater trust."

Simon Newman, Co-Founder, Cyber London



Challenges and areas for potential complements

Al Washing undermines authentic Al projects

"AI washing at IIT Dhanbad undermines authentic AI projects by generating unwarranted hype around superficial applications. This practice diverts resources from meaningful research and adversely impacts our credibility in both academic and industrial communities."

Abhishek Gautam, Al Researcher, IIT Dhanbad

Hypercompetitive approach to Al innovation drives downside risk

"As the case of Timnit Gebru shows, there are some fundamental issues in play within the BigTech dominated AI arms race. The current hyper competitive approach to AI innovation creates significant downside risk to public safety and wider economic social benefits of the technology. A more balanced, collaborative and "open source" approach would be highly advisable in a space that is known for market abuse and lawfare to protect their own commercial interests."

Ryan Lavelle, Founder, Mpowa





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Addressing AI Washing through EU AI Act

Challenges and areas for potential complements

Finance sector vigilant of need to guard against Al Washing

"Finance is, perhaps, the sector that's most aware of the need to guard against AI Washing due to its role in supporting the global economy. From the fundamental risk of 'herding' to existing regulatory consensus in regulatory regimes across multiple jurisdictions, such as Basel II, Solvency IV, MiFID II, MiCAR and the upcoming DORA, it is set to be insulated from a malignant practice. The key question for the finance sector is: What is AI?, as WEF asked back in 2018. A question which largely remains unanswered."

Matthew Gardiner, Founder, A1Ai

Practices to mitigate AI Washing risks by firms

Practices to mitigate AI Washing risk at entity level

Utilisation of regulatory mechanisms for optimal outcomes

"Mitigating the risks of AI washing can be effectively achieved through a combination of measures and regulatory strategies. This may involve mandatory legislation, alongside voluntary compliance with AI metrics and adherence to ethical standards by market participants. Furthermore, the establishment of innovative regulatory hubs can provide necessary guidance, while regulatory (digital) sandboxes offer a safe environment for testing products and solutions, encouraging both compliance and innovation."

Kate Shcheglova-Goldfinch, Al-governance and regulatory expert

Al Washing Masks True Al Capabilities

"AI Washing conceals that AI cannot replace human control and responsibility, as stipulated by Article 14 of the EU AI Act and the US AI Bill of Rights. While AI can enhance human capabilities, essential human oversight in risk management is crucial to ensure control and safety."

Doug Hohulin, Business Associate, AI & Partners



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Practices to mitigate AI Washing risks by firms

Practices to mitigate AI Washing risk at product and/or service level

Empowerment relies on a safe, collaborative environment

"At QX Lab AI we empower safe, executable AI in a multilingual sphere, learning, sharing, and collaborating to achieve remarkable outcomes while upholding responsible and ethical standards."

Arjun Prasad, Co-Founder and Chief Strategy Officer, QX Lab Al



AI – 'A general purpose tool to level the playing field'

"If correctly framed and enabled, AI can help reduce the socio-economic disparities and overcome the digital divides that hinder the full transformative impact of digital transformation."

Jonathan Gonzalez, Senior Manager – Digital Transformation, Access Partnership



UN Declaration on AI Washing needed

"The UN has called "greenwashing" (marketing "spin" that deceptively seeks to persuade consumers that an organization's products, goals, or policies are environmentally friendly) "a significant obstacle to tackling climate change." A similar UN declaration is warranted for AI Washing — before irreparable damage is done to the pace of AI development."

Jerome Silber, Legal Executive, ScreenGeni,us



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Practices to mitigate AI Washing risks by firms

Key high-level principles and practices

Quality of healthcare provision undermined

"By overstating the capabilities of AI in healthcare, AI Washing deceives healthcare professionals by misleading them about the reliability of AI-driven diagnostics and treatments - potentially leading to critical errors in patient care and diagnosis accuracy that risks patient health and lives."

Dr. Harvey Castro, Chief Medical Al Officer, Helpp.ai



Adhere to Prohibited Al Practices Guidelines (**Art. 5**) Promote and Adhere to Codes of Conduct (Art. 95)

EU AI Act Roadmap

Make Transparent
Disclosures and
Marking of AlGenerated Content
(Art. 53)

Commit to Post-Market Monitoring (Art. 72)

Adopting industry Best Practice

- Remain aware: Stay updated with regulatory updates and guidance related to the EU AI Act to ensure ongoing compliance and adaptation.
- Stakeholder cooperation: engage in industry forums and initiatives to share best practices, address challenges, and advocate for responsible AI development.
- Regulatory liaison: Cultivate positive relationships with regulators through open communication and proactive engagement.
- Harbour Responsible AI Practices: Always assess and improve AI deployment strategies to align with evolving ethical and regulatory standards.
- Seize the initiative, stay ahead: Embrace the EU AI Act as an opportunity to drive positive change and lead the industry towards responsible AI adoption.



















Start-ups, cure your disconnects.

















— Thanking Our Individual Partners For Invaluable Support



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- <u>Jonathan Gonzalez</u>, Jonathan has 17 years' experience working with multilateral organisations (World Bank, Asian Development Bank, OECD, UNESCO, APEC, and ASEAN) and leading technology companies to develop whitepapers and reports on a wide range of policy issues, including the digital transformation of governments and the impact of AI in Asia's digital economies.
- <u>Kate Shcheglova-Goldfinch</u>, Kate is on the list of Top3 UK Banker of the Year (Women in Finance Awards, 2023), TOP10 Policy makers and regulatory experts (Women UK Powerlist'23 by Innovate Finance), UN Women UK'24 Delegate developing tech diversity. Last four years Kate led the fintech and regulatory stream as an external Senior PM at EBRD, serving local central banks, creating regulatory acts and deploying regulatory sandbox legal frameworks (first global regulatory sandbox deployed under the war conditions for Ukrainian central bank, went live in March 23).

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